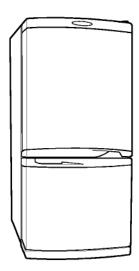


REFRIGERATOR SERVICE MANUAL

CAUTION

BEFORE SERVICING THE UNIT, READ THE "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" IN THIS MANUAL.



MODEL: GR-389/349



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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

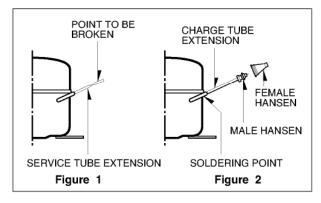
Please read the following instructions before servicing your refrigerator.

- 1. Check the set for electric losses.
- 2. Unplug prior to servcing to prevent electric shock.
- 3. Whenever testing with power on, wear rubber gloves to prevent electric shock.
- 4. If you use any kind of appliance, check regular current, voltage and capacity.
- 5. Don't touch metal products in the freezer with wet hands. This may cause frostbite.
- 6. Prevent water from following onto electric elements in the mechanical parts.
- 7. When standing up after having checked the lower section of the refrigerator with the upper door open, move with care to avoid hitting the upper door.
- 8. When tilting the set, remove any materials on the set, especially the thin plates(ex. Glass shelf or books.)
- When servicing the evaporator, wear cotton gloves. This is to prevent injuries from the sharp evaporator fins
- Leave the disassembly of the refrigerating cycle to a specialized service center. The gas inside the circuit may pollute the environment.

SERVICING PRECAUTIONS

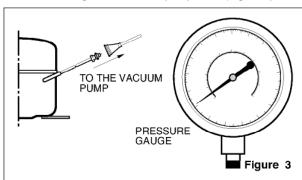
Air Recharging in Compressor

Test the refrigeration by connecting it electrically before refilling operation. It is necessary to ascertain the function of the motor-compressor and identify the defects immediately. If defects have been found, empty the old system of possible R134a residue by breaking off the end of the extension piece at its narrow point. (Figure 1) Replace the filter and any damaged components. Unsolder and pull off the piece remaining inside the service tube and then attach an complete extension with male Hansen and at last, solder it to the same tube again. (Figure 2)



It is necessary to execute the soldering operation with valve open so that the fumes caused by oil residue can come out freely without blowholes between two tubes during the heating of the point to be soldered.

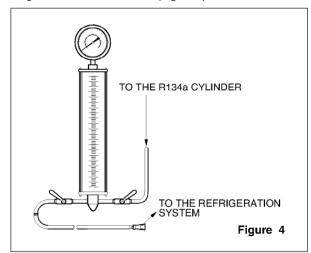
The extension fitted with the male Hansen is connected to the female fitting of the vacuum pump tube. (Figure 3)



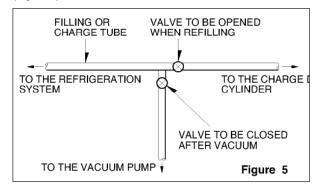
Air evacuating from the system begins as soon as the pump starts. The refrigeration system must be kept under vacuum until the reading on the low-pressure gauge indicates vacuum (0 absolute, -1 atm., -760 mm hg) in any case it is advisable to keep the pump running for about 30 minutes. (Figure 3)

In case that a considerable leakage occurs it will be necessary to stop the vaccum pump and to add a small quantity of Freon to the system, if vacuum should not be obtained (pressure gauge can't fall to 1 atmosphere), start the refrigeration unit and find the leakage with the special leak-finder. When the defective soldering point is visible, re-do it after opening the extension tube valve and reestablishing the normal outside pressure inside the group.

Because the melted alloy is sucked into the tubes and block them, the pressure must be rebalanced when vacuum is in the system in soldering. As soon as the vacuum operation is over, add the quantity in grams of R134a to the refrigeration system. Remember that every system has an exact quantity of R134a with a tolerance of ±5 grams that can be added. (Figure 4)



Before performing this operation (if the vacuum pump and refilling cylinder are connected), make sure that the valve placed between the vacuum pump and the refilling tube are closed in order to keep the Freon for addition to the system. (Figure 5)



In addition, check the graduated scale on the cylinder for the quantity of R134a to be added, for example, if we have 750 grams of Freon in the cylinder and must add 165 grams to the group, this amount will be reached when R-134a has dropped to 585 grams, remembering that the indicator shows a lower limit of meniscus. Do this after choosing the scale corresponding to the gas pressure different scales reported as the same gas pressure indicated by the pressure gauge on the top of the column. To make R134a flow into the system, open the valve placed at the base of the cylinder and connected to the filling tube. The amount of Freon cannot be added to the system all at once because it may cause a blocking of the motor-compressor. Therefore, proceed by adding the original quantity of about 20-30 grams and close the valve immediately.

The pressure rises and the motor compressor must start sucking the gas and lowering the pressure again. Regulate the valve again, in the safe way until reaching the quantity of R134a established for the system being charged. When the system is running, the suction pressure must be stabilized between 0.30 to 0.6 atmosphere.

SPECIFICATIONS

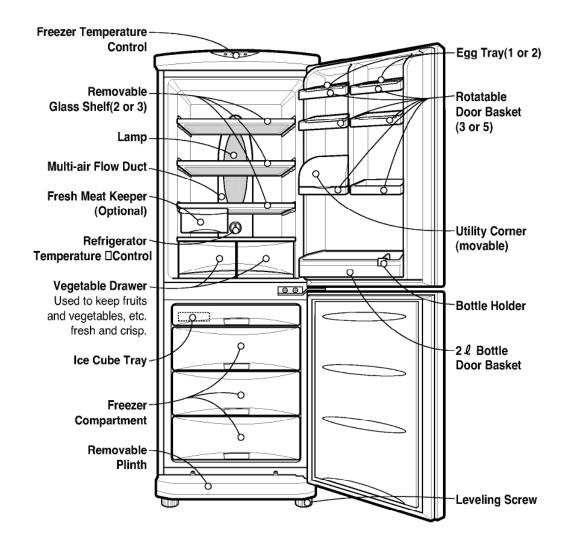
1.Ref. No: GR-389

ITEMS		SPECIFICATIONS	ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
DIMENSIONS (mm)		595(W)x626(D)x1880(H)		Transparent Shelf(3 EA)
NET WEIGHT	「(kg)	74	REFRIGERATOR	Vegetable Container(2 EA)
COOLING SY	'STEM	Fan Cooling	COMPARTMENT	Vegetable Container Cover(1 EA)
TEMPERATURE	REFRIGERATOR	Knob Dial		Chilled Container(1 EA)*
CONTROL	FREEZER	Button		Dairy Pocket Cover(1 EA)
DEFROSTING SYSTEM		Full Automatic	DOOD DOOKET	Egg Tray(2 EA)
		Heater Defrost	DOOR POCKET	Little Pocket(5 EA)
DOOR FINISI	Н	Pre-Coated Metal or Vinyl Coated Metal		Bottle Pocket(1 EA)
OUT CASE		Painted Steel Sheet	FREEZER	Tray Drawer(4 EA)
INNER CASE		ABS	COMPARTMENT	Ice Tray(1 EA)
INSULATION		Polyurethane Foam	COMPRESSOR	PTC Starting Type
DEFROSTING DEVICE		Heater, Sheath	EVAPORATOR Fin Tube Type	
REFRIGERANT		R134a(150g)	CONDENSER Side & Wire Condense	
LUBRICATION OIL		FREOL @ 22G(210 cc)	* Optional Parts	

2.Ref. No: GR-349

ITEMS		SPECIFICATIONS	ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
DIMENSIONS (mm)		595(W)×626(D)×1710(H)		Transparent Shelf(2 EA)
NET WEIGHT	Γ (kg)	69	REFRIGERATOR	Vegetable Container(2 EA)
COOLING SY	/STEM	Fan Cooling	COMPARTMENT	Vegetable Container Cover(1 EA)
TEMPERATURE	REFRIGERATOR	Knob Dial		Chilled Container(1 EA)*
CONTROL	FREEZER	Button		Dairy Pocket Cover(1 EA)
DEFROSTING SYSTEM		Full Automatic	DOOD DOOKET	Egg Tray(1 EA)
		Heater Defrost	DOOR POCKET	Little Pocket(3 EA)
DOOR FINIS	Н	Pre-Coated Metal or Vinyl Coated Metal		Bottle Pocket(1 EA)
OUT CASE		Painted Steel Sheet	FREEZER	Tray Drawer(4 EA)
INNER CASE	-	ABS	COMPARTMENT	Ice Tray(1 EA)
INSULATION		Polyurethane Foam	COMPRESSOR	PTC Starting Type
DEFROSTING DEVICE		Heater, Sheath	EVAPORATOR	Fin Tube Type
REFRIGERANT		R134a(150g)	CONDENSER	Side & Wire Condenser
LUBRICATION OIL		FREOL @ 22G(210 cc)	* Optional Parts	•

PARTS IDENTIFICATION



NOTE: This is a basic model. The shape of refrigerator is subject to change.

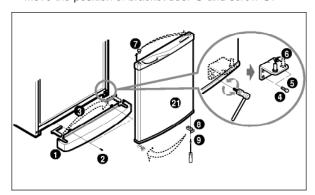
REPLACEMENT OF DOOR OPENING TYPE

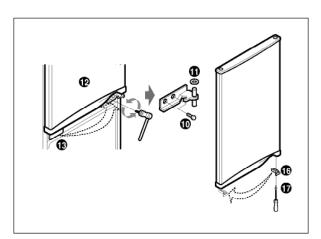
1. PRECAUTION

- Before reversing the door, first of all, you should take out food and accessories like shelves or trays which are not fixed in the refrigerator.
- Use Torque Wrench or Spanner to fix or remove the bolt.
- Don't lay the refrigerator down in working with it, it will cause to get out of order.
- Be careful not to drop the door in disassembling or assembling the freezer or the refrigerator door.

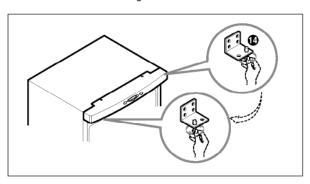
2. HOW TO REVERSE THE DOORS

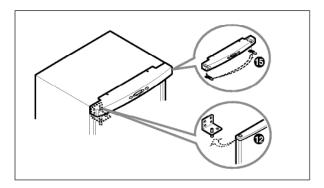
Seperate screw ② and remove lower cover ① and move cap lower cover ③. And, seperate screw ④, lower hinge ⑤, and remove pin ⑥. Separating the freezer door ② in opening, and more the position the cap ⑦.
 Move the position of bracket door ③ and screw ④.

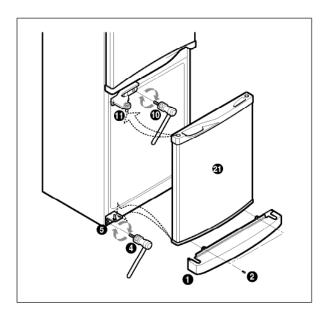




- 2) Separating screw and remove the center hinge and the refrigerator door Move the position of cap . Move the position of bracket door and screw .
- 3) Move the position of upper hinge pin (a), and cap (b). Assemble the refrigerator door (b). Assemble center hinge (a) and bolt (b). Assemble freezer door (a). Assemble the lower hinge (b), bolt (c) and lower cover (d).





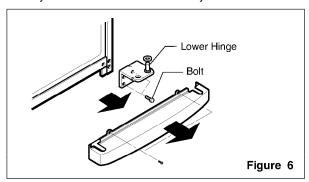


DISASSEMBLY

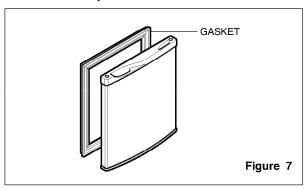
1 DOOR

• Freezer Door

- 1) Loosen 2 screws and pull the Lower Cover.
- 2) Loosen hexagonal bolts fixing the lower hinge to the body to remove the freezer door only.

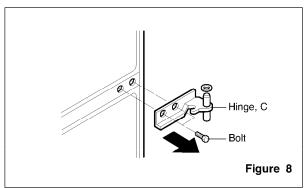


3) Pull out the Door Gasket to remover from the Door Foam Assy, F.



Refrigerator Door

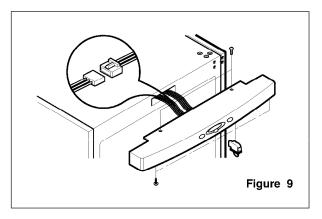
1) Loosen hexagonal bolts fixing the center hinge(Hinge,C) to the body to remove the refrigerator door only.



2) Pull out the Door Gasket to remove from the Door Foam Assy, R.

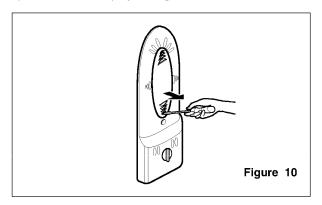
2 DOOR SWITCH

- 1) Loosen four screws in upper part and disconnect top cover.
- 2) Disconnect Lead Wire from switch.
- 3) Disengage hook behind the switch by pressing it with hands.



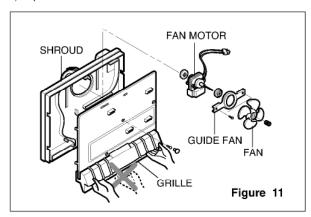
3 REFRIGERATOR ROOM LAMP

- 1) Remove the Cover Lamp, R by pulling with a '-' type driver.
- 2) Remove the Lamp by turning.



4 FAN AND FAN MOTOR

- 1) Remove freezer drawers.
- 2) Remove two cap, screws and loosen two screws in Grille Fan.
- 3) Pull out the Grille Fan and Shroud, F.
- 4) Disconnect the housing of lead wire.
- 5) Separate the Fan Assy.
- 6) Losse 2 screw fixed to the Bracket.
- 7) Pull out Shroud, F remove the Fan Motor Assy.
- 8) Separate the Motor Bracket and Rubber.



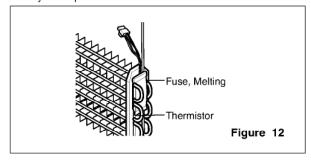
5 DEFROST CONTROL ASSY

Defrost Control Assy consists of Thermistor and Fuse, Melting. Thermistor functions to defrost automatically and it is attached to metal side of the Evaporator and senses temperature.

Fuse, Melting is a kind of safety device for preventing overheating of the Heater when defrosting.

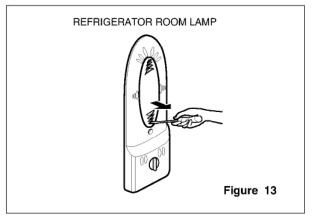
At the temperature of 72°C, it stops the emission of heat from the

- 1) Pull out the Shroud, F after removing the Grille.
- 2) Separate the connector connected with the Defrost Control Assy and replace new one.



6 DAMPER CONTROL

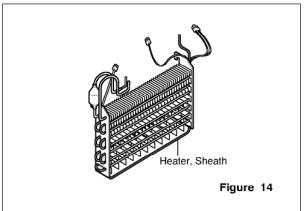
- 1) Remove the Cover Lamp, R and loosen 2 screw.
- Pull the Control Box, R and separate the lead wire housing.
- 3) Remove the Cover Lamp, R.
- 4) Separate the Insulation Multi Duct and Control Box, R.
- 5) Disassemble the Knob.
- 6) Separate the Damper Control and Control Box, R.
- 7) Separate the Damper Control and Resistor.
- 8) Disconnect the lead wire.



7 HEATER, SHEATH

In this refrigerator, Heater, Sheath is used for defrosting heater. During heating, the temperature of heater rises about 300~500°C. Therefore, be careful not to burn while servicing.

- After removing the Grille and Shroud, separate the Heater, Sheath by disconnecting the connectors.
- 2) Exchanged Heater, Sheath and connected the housing.



ADJUSTMENT

1 COMPRESSOR

1) Role

The compressor intakes low temperature and low pressure gas evaporated from Evaporator of the Refrigerator, and condenses this gas to high temperature and high pressure gas, and then plays delivering role to Condenser.

2) Composition

The Compressor is Composed of Compressor Apparatus compressing gas, Compressor Motor moving Compressor Apparatus and Case protecting Compressor Apparatus and Motor. There are PTC-Starter, and Over Load Protector (OLP) in the Compressor outside. On the other hand, because the Compressor consists of 1/1000mm processing precision components and is sealed after production in absence of dust or humidity, deal and repair with care.

3) Note for Usage

- (1) Be careful not to allow over-voltage and over-current.
- (2) No Strike If applying forcible power or strike (dropping or careless dealing), poor operation and noise may occur.
- (3) Use proper electric components appropriate to the Compressor.
- (4) Note to Keep Compressor. If Compressor gets wet in the rain and rust in the pin of Hermetic Terminal, the result may be poor operation and poor contact may cause.
- (5) Be careful that dust, humidity, and flux welding don't inflow in the Compressor inside in replacing the Compressor. Dust, humidity, and flux due to welding which inflows to Cylinder may cause lockage and noise.

2 PTC-STARTER

1) Composition of PTC-Starter

- PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) is a no-contact semiconductor starting device which uses ceramic material and this material consists of BaTiO3.
- (2) The higher the temperature is, the higher becomes the resistance value. These features are used as starting device for the Motor.

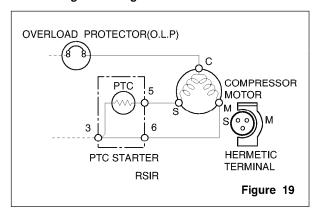
2) Role of PTC-Starter

- (1) PTC is attached to Hermetic Compressor used for Refrigerator, Show Case and starts Motor.
- (2) Compressor for household refrigerator applies to single-phase induction Motor.

For normal operation of the single-phase induction motor, in the starting operation flows in both main coil and sub-coil. After the starting is over, the current in subcoil is cut off. The proper features of PTC play all the above roles. So, PTC is used as a motor starting device.

3) PTC-Applied Circuit Diagram

According to Starting Method for the Motor



4) Motor Restarting and PTC Cooling

- (1) For restarting after power off during normal Compressor Motor operation, plug the power cord after 5 min. for pressure balance of Refrigerating Cycle and PTC cooling.
- (2) During normal operation of the Compressor Motor, PTC elements generate heat continuously. Therefore, if PTC isn't cooled for a while after the power has been shut off, Motor can't operate again.

5) Relation of PTC-Starter and OLP

- (1) If the power is off during operation of Compressor and the power is on before the PTC is cooled, (instant shutoff within 2 min. or reconnect a power plug due to misconnecting), the PTC isn't cooled and a resistance value grows. As a result, current can't flow to the subcoil and the Motor can't operate and the OLP operates by flowing over current in only in the main-coil.
- (2) While the OLP repeats on and off operation about 3-5 times, PTC is cooled and Compressor Motor performs normal operation.

If OLP doesn't operate when PTC is not cooled, Compressor Motor is worn away and causes circuitshort and fire. Therefore, use a properly fixed OLP without fail.

6) Note to Use PTC-Starter

- (1) Be careful not to allow over-voltage and over-current.
- (2) No Strike

Don't apply a forcible power or strike.

- (3) Keep apart from any liquid.
 - If liquid such as oil or water away enter the PTC, PTC materials it may break due to insulation breakdown of the material itself.
- (4) Don't change PTC at your convenience. Don't disassemble PTC and mold. If the exterior to the PTC-starter is damaged, resistance value is altered and it may cause poor starting of the compressor motor may cause.
- (5) Use a properly fixed PTC.

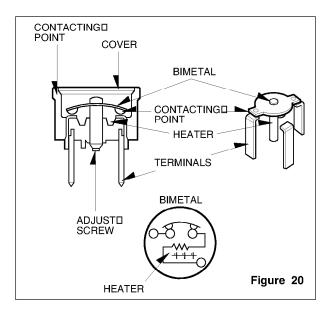
3 OLP (OVER LOAD PROTECTOR)

1) Definition of OLP

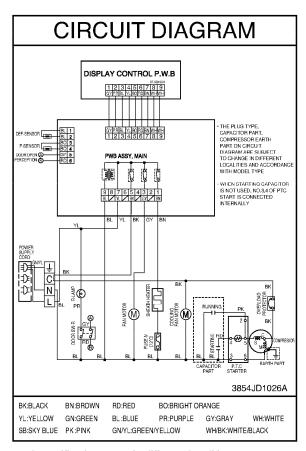
- (1) OLP (OVER LOAD PROTECTOR) is attached to the Hermetic Compressor and protects the Motor by cutting off current in Compressor Motor in case of over-rising temperature by Bimetal in the OLP.
- (2) When over-voltage flows to Compressor motor, the Bimetal works by heating the heater inside the OLP, and the OLP protects Motor by cutting off current which flows to the Compressor Motor.

2) Role of the OLP

- (1) The OLP is attached to the Hermetic Compressor used for the Refrigerator and Show Case and prevents the Motor Coil from being started in the Compressor.
- (2) Do not turn the Adjust Screw of the OLP in any way for normal operation of the OLP. (Composition and connection Diagram of OLP)



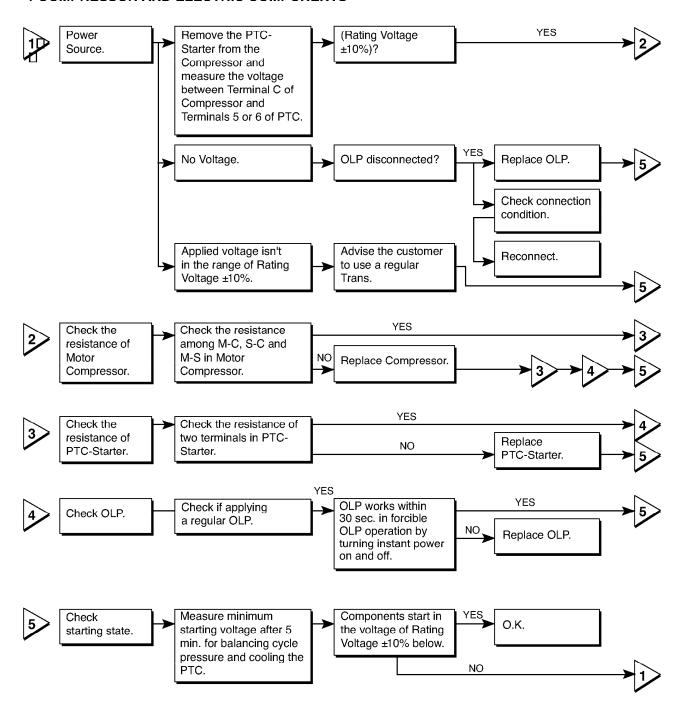
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



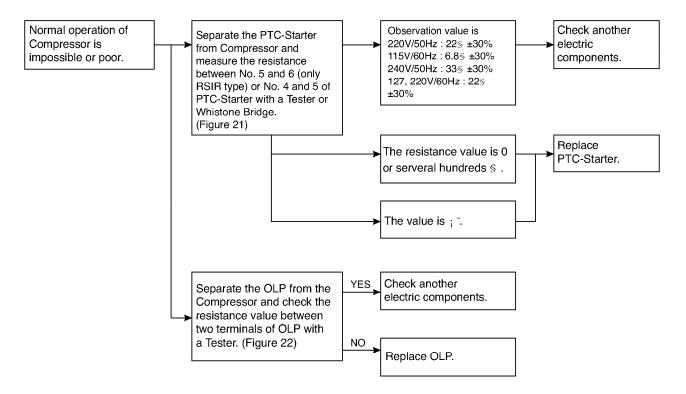
NOTE: 1. This is a basic diagram and specifications vary in different localities.

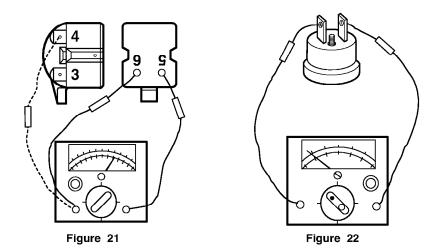
TROUBLESHOOTING (Mechanical Part)

1 COMPRESSOR AND ELECTRIC COMPONENTS



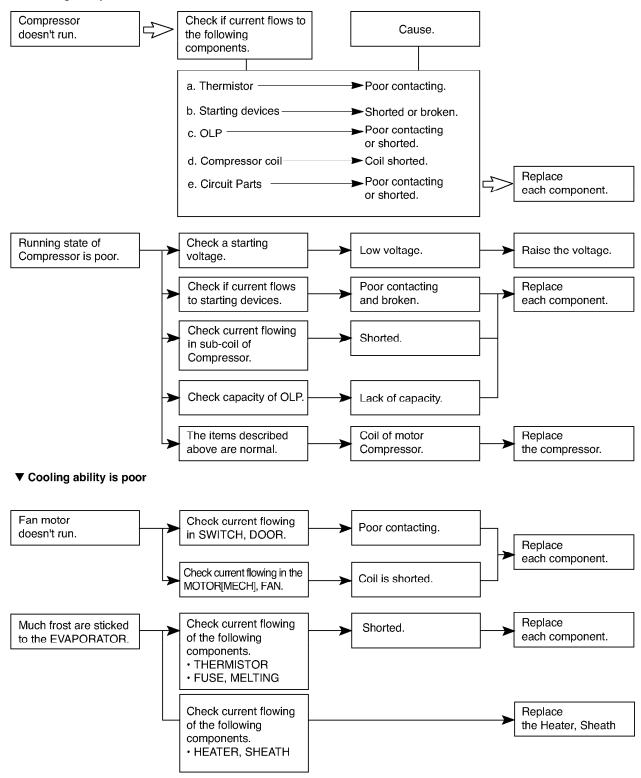
2 PTC AND OLP





3 ANOTHER ELECTRIC COMPONENTS

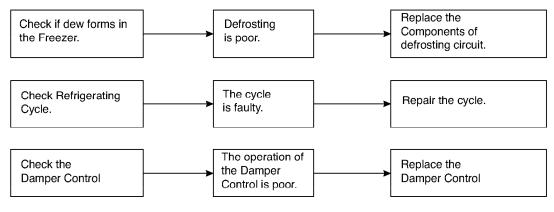
▼ Cooling is impossible



4 SERVICE DIAGNOSIS CHART

COMPLAINT	POINTS TO BE CHECKED	REMEDY
Cooling is impossible.	Is the power cord unplugged from the outlet? Check if the power switch is set to OFF. Check if the fuse of power switch is shorted. Measure the voltage of power outlet.	Plug to the outlet. Set the switch to ON. Replace a regular fuse. If voltage is low, wire newly.
Cooling ability is poor. • Check if the set is placed close to wall. • Check if the set is placed close to stove, gas cooker and direct rays. • Is the ambient temperature high or the room door closed? • Check if put in is hot. • Did you open the door of the set too often or check if the door is closed up? • Check if the Damper Control is set to "cold-position".		Place the set with the space of about 10cm. Place the set apart from these heat appliances. Make the ambient temperature below. Put in foods after cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly. Set the control to mid-position.
Foods in the Refrigerator are frozen.	 Is foods placed in cooling air outlet? Check if the control is set to "cold-position". Is the ambient temperature below 5°C? 	Place foods in high temperature section. (Front Part) Set the control to "mid-position". Set the control to "warm-position".
Dew or ice forms in the chamber of the set.	Is liquid food stored? Check if put in is hot. Did you open the door of the set too often or check if the door is closed up.	Seal up liquid foods with wrap. Put in foods after cooled down. Don't open the door too often and close it firmly.
Dew forms in the Exterior Case.	Check if ambient temperature and humidity of surroumcling air are high. Is there gap in the door packed?	Wipe dew with a dry cloth. This occurrence is solved naturally in low temperature and humidity. Fill up the gap.
Abnormal noise generates.	 Are the set positioned in a firm and even place? Are any unnecessary objects set in the back side of the set? Check if the Tray Drip is not firmly fixed. Check if the cover of mechanical room in below and front side is taken out. 	 Adjust the Adjust Screw, and position in the firm place. Remove the objects. Fix it firmly on the original position. Place the cover at the original position.
To close the door is not handy.	Check if the door packing is dirty with filth such as juice. Is the set positioned in a firm and even place? Is too much food putted in the set?	Clean the door packing. Position in the firm place and adjust the Adjust Screw. Keep foods not to reach the door.
Ice and foods smell unpleasant.	Check if the inside of the set is dirty. Did you keep smelly foods without wrapping? It smells of plastic.	Clean the inside of the set. Wrap smelly foods. The new products smells of plastic, but it is eliminated after 1-2 weeks.

• In addition to the items described left, refer to the followings to solve the complaint.



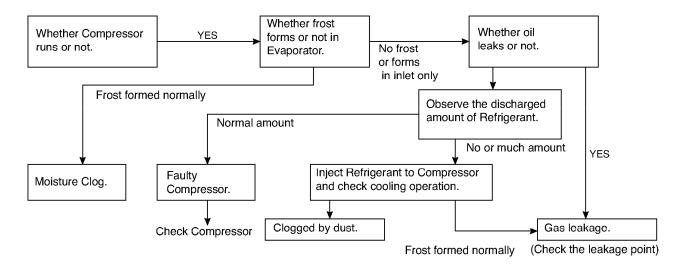
5 REFRIGERATING CYCLE

▼ Troubleshooting Chart

	CAUSE	STATE OF THE SET	STATE OF THE EVAPORATOR	TEMPERATURE OF THE COMPRESSOR	REMARKS
LEAKAGE	PARTIAL LEAKAGE	Freezer room and Refrigerator don't cool normally.	Low flowing sound of Refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only	A little high more than ambient temperature.	A little Refrigerant discharges. Normal cooling is possible when injecting of Refrigerant the regular amount.
(GE	WHOLE LEAKAGE	Freezer room and Refrigerator don't cool normally.	Flowing sound of Refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed.	Equal to ambient temperature.	No discharging of Refrigerant. Normal cooling is possible when injecting of Refrigerant the regular amount.
CLOGGED	PARTIAL CLOG	OG Refrigerator is heard and frost forms more don't cool in inlet only.		A little high more than ambient temperature.	Normal discharging of refrigerant. The capillary tube is faulty.
BY DUST	WHOLE CLOG	Freezer room and Refrigerator don't cool.	Flowing sound of Refrigerant is not heard and frost isn't formed.	Equal to ambient temperature.	Normal discharging of Refrigerant.
1	MOISTURE CLOG	Cooling operation stops periodically.	Flowing sound of Refrigerant is not heard and frost melts.	Low than ambient temperature	Cooling operation restarts when heating the inlet of capillary tube.
DEFECT	COMP- RESSION	Freezer and Refrigerator don't cool.	Low flowing sound of Refrigerant is heard and frost forms in inlet only.	A little high than ambient temperature.	The pressure of high pressure part in compressor is low.
SSION	NO COMP-	No compressing operation.	Flowing sound of Refrigerant is not heard and no frost.	Equal to ambient temperature.	No pressure of high pressure part in the compressor.

▼ Leakage Detection

• Observe discharging point of refrigerant which may be in the oil discharging part in the compressor and hole of evaporator.



▼ General Control of Refrigerating Cycle

NO.	ITEMS	CONTENTS AND SPECIFICATIONS	REMARKS
1	WELDING ROD	(1) H 30 • Chemical Ingredients Ag: 30%, Cu: 27%, Zn: 23%, Cd: 20% • Brazing Temperature: 710~840°C (2) Bcup-2 • Chemical Ingredients Cu: About 93% P: 6.8~7.5% The rest: within 0.2% • Brazing Temperature: 735~840°C	Recommend H34 containing 34% Ag in the Service Center.
2	FLUX	 Ingredients and how to make Borax 30% Borax 35% Fluoridation kalium: 35% Water: 4% Mix the above ingredients and boil until they are transformed into liquid. 	 Make amount for only day. Holding period: 1 day Close the cover of container to prevent dust putting in the FLUX. Keep it in a stainless steel container.
3	DRIER ASM	(1) Assemble the drier within 30min. after unpacking.(2) Keep the unpacked drier at the temperature of 80~100°C.	Don't keep the drier in a outdoors because humidity damages to it.
4	VACUUM	 (1) When measuring with pirant Vacuum gauge the charging M/C, vacuum degree is within 1 Torr. (2) If the vacuum degree of the cycle inside is 10 Torr. below for low pressure and 20 Torr. for high pressure, it says no vacuum leakage state. (3) Vacuum degree of vacuum pump must be 0.05 Torr. below after 5 min. (4) Vacuum degree must be same to the value described item (2) above for more than 20 min. 	Apply M/C Vacuum Gauge without fail. Perform vacuum operation until a proper vacuum degree is built up. If a proper vacuum degree isn't built up, check the leakage from the Cycle Pipe line part and Quick Coupler Connecting part.
5	DRY AND AIR NITROGEN GAS	 (1) The pressure of dry air must be more han 12~16kg/cm² (2) Temperature must be more than -20~ -70°C. (3) Keep the pressure at 12~6kg/cm² also when substituting dry air for Nitrogen Gas. 	
6	NIPPLE AND COUPLER	(1) Check if gas leaks with soapy water. (2) Replace Quick Coupler in case of leakage.	Check if gas leaks from joint of the Coupler.
7	PIPE	Put all Joint Pipes in a clean box and cover tightly with the lid so that dust or humidity is not inserted.	

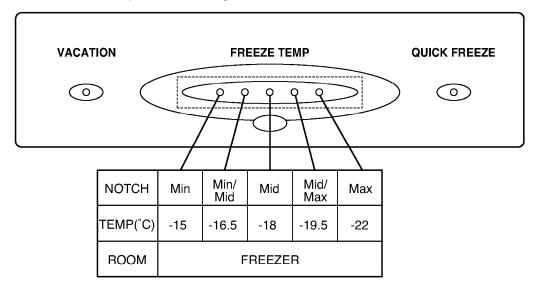
MICOM FUNCTION & PCB CIRCUIT EXPLANATION

This description is made for GR-349, 389SQ. Please refer to overall PCB circuits for other models.

1 FUNCTION EXPOSITION

1) FUNCTION

- (1) The refrigerator starts from optimum condition when electric power is first on. But the operation condition changes "Mid" → "Mid/Max" → "Max" → "Min" → "Min/Mid" → "Mid" whenever pressing the FREEZE TEMP button.
- (2) It returns to "Mid" conditions if power off and on again.



2) QUICK FREEZER

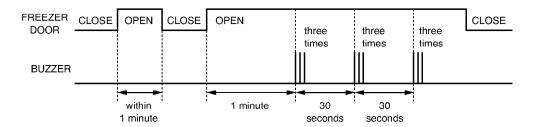
- (1) Function to raise the freezing speed by operating the COMP successively. As pressing the QUICK FREEZE button, the QUICK FREEZE LED is displayed. Then after 3 hours' successive operation of COMP, the QUICK FREEZING function will be released.
- (2) Defrosting During the QUICK FREEZING operates as follow. When the QUICK FREEZING time is below 90 minutes, defrost and then operate the QUICK FREEZING for the remaining time. When the QUICK FREEZING time is over 90 minutes, defrost and then operate the QUICK FREEZING for 2 hours
- (3) If QUICK FREEZE button is pressed during defrosting, the QUICK FREEZE LED is lit up. But the QUICK FREEZING operates for 3 hours after 7 minutes from the end of defrosting.
- (4) If VACATION button is pressed during the QUICK FREEZING, the QUICK FREEZING LED function is released.
- (5) If power off during the QUICK FREEZING and power on again, the QUICK FREEZING function is released.

3) VACATION FUNCTION

- (1) Function for Energy Saving. As pressing the VACATION button, the VACATION LED is displayed and this function is operated.
- (2) Freezer Compartment is not kept by compressor at the notch displayed but at -13°C± differential.
- (3) Defrosting and Fan control is same as normal operation.
- (4) If QUICK FREEZE button is pressed during the VACATION FUNCTION, VACATION FUNCTION is released.
- (5) If power off during the VACATION FUNCTION and power on again, the VACATION FUNCTION is released.

4) DOOR OPENING ALARM

- (1) When the REFRIGERATOR DOOR is opened and won't be closed after 1 minute from the its opened, BUZZER sounds to notify it.
- (2) At frist, BUZZER sounds three times at each intervals of 0.5 second. Then makes a 0.5 second ON/OFF alarm three times at intervals of 30 seconds.
- (3) If the REFRIGERATOR door closed during ALARM, it is released.



5) DISPLAY BUTTON RING

(1) If display function button(FREEZE TEMP, QUICK FREEZE, VACATION) of the front of the TOP COVER is pushed, BUZZER rings with "DING~ DONG~"(See the BUZZER OPERATION CHECK)

6) DEFROSTING

- (1) If the accumulated time for the operation of the COMPRESSOR is meet with 7 hours, the DEFROSTING HEATER is started.
- (2) The first defrosting is performed at 4 hours(compressor ON) later since the power is on.
- (3) If DEFROST SENSOR is over 7°C during DEFROSTING, end the operation of DEFROSTING with DEFROSTING HEATER paused, And after 7 minutes, the operation for the freezing is started. But, if DEFROST SENSOR is not reach to 7°C after 2 hours' operation of the defrosting heater, it represents a defrosting trouble. (See the TROUBLE REPRESENTING FUNCTION)
- (4) If DEFROST SENSOR is short or open, defrosting is not performed.

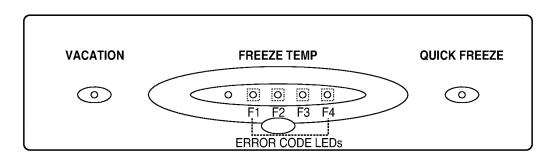
7) ORDERLY OPERATION OF ELECTRIC PARTS

To avoid NOISE and DAMAGE, the items containing an electric parts such as COMP, DEFROSTING HEATER and FAN MOTOR operate in order as follows.

	OPERATION STATE		OPERATION ORDER				
WHEN	WHEN DEFROST SENSOR TEMPERATURE IS OVER 7°C. (WHEN PURCHASING OR MOVING)	POWER ON	after 0.5 sec.	COMP ON	after 0.5 sec.	FAN ON	
PLUGGED AT FIRST	WHEN DEFROST SENSOR TEMPERATURE IS BELOW 7°C. (WHEN POWER FAILURE OR SERVICING)	POWER ON	after 0.5 sec.	DEFROSTING HEATER ON	after 10 sec.	DEFROSTING HEATER ON	
ST		after 0.5 s	ON sec.	after 0.5 s	sec.	ON	
1	EN RETURNING TO NORMAL TE FROM TEST MODE	All Elec. F OFF	Parts	COMP ON	after 0.5 sec.	FAN ON	

8) SELF-TEST

- (1) Function to make service easy in case of occuring a trouble in the product.
- (2) When occurring a trouble, if the button is pushed, but the function could not operate.
- (3) If a toruble release during the representation of trouble, a refrigerator performs the normal function(RESET).
- (4) To represent a ERROR CODE, it use FREEZE TEMP LEDs on TOP COVER. If ERROR occurs, the other LEDs except ERROR CODE LEDs are all off.



O : OPERATE NORMAL	NO: -¢-
O . OF LITATE NOTIVIAL	● .OFF

NO.	ITEMS	ERROR CODE LED	S DESCRIPTION	OPERATION	IN TROUBLE'S	OCCURRING
NO.	ITENIS	F1 F2 F3 F4	DESCRIPTION	COMP	FAN	DEFROST HEATER
1	FREEZER SENSOR abnormal	- \$ -•••	FREEZER SENSOR open or short.	15 minutes On/ 15 minutes Off	0	0
2	DEFROST SENSOR abnormal	• • •	DEFROST SENSOR open or short.	0	0	No defrosting
3	DEFROSTING FUNCTION is abnormal	-φ-φ-φ-	DEFROST HEATER, TEMP. FUSE open or disconnection (Displayed after at least 4 hours from the trouble's occurring.)	0	0	0
4	RT-SENSOR abnormal	NOTE 1)	Room Temperature SENSOR open or short	0	0	0

operation, ope	pass after pressing the QUICK FREEZE and FREEZE TEMP buttons togather in normal rates as follow.
RT-SENSOR	If normal, LEDs on the TOP COVER is all on. If abnormal, LEDs are all on except VACATION LED.

9) FUNCTION TEST

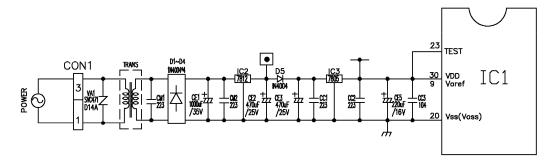
- (1) Function to check the testing function of PCB and refrigerator and to find where the trouble.
- (2) The test switch is on the MAIN PCB of refrigerator.
 TEST FUNCTION is released and RESET after MAX. 2hours regardless of TEST MODE.
- (3) If the buttons on TOP COVER is pushed during TEST MODE, Function is not operated and only BUZZER ring with "DING~ DONG~"
- (4) After the end of TEST MODE, pull out the power cord and plug it in again(RESET).
- (5) If a ERROR occurs during the TEST MODE, TEST FUNCTION is released and DISPLAY LEDs represent ERROR CODE.
- (6) If the TEST swithch is pushed during ERROR CODE, TEST FUNCTION is not operated.

MODE	OPERATION	CONTENTS	REMARKS
TEST 1	Press TEST button once.	1. COMP OPERATES SUCCESSIVELY. 2. FAN OPERATES SUCCESSIVELY. 3. DEFROSTING HEATER OFF 4. ALL DISPLAY LEDS ON.	
TEST 2	Press TEST button once in the state of TEST MODE 1.	1. COMP OFF. 2. FAN OFF. 3. DEFROST HEATER ON. 4. ALL THE DISPLAY LEDS OFF EXCEPT QUICK FREEZE AND VACATION LEDS.	If DEFROST HEATER is over 7°C, it returns to the NORMAL STATE.
NORMAL STATE	Press TEST button once in the state of TEST MODE 2.	Return to the initial condition. (RESET)	Comp starts after 7 minutes.

[•] LED Check Function: Press the QUICK FREEZE and FREEZE TEMP buttons at the same time. After 1 sec., all the LEDs of the DISPLAY are ON simultaneously. If release the BUTTON, return to the previous condition

2 FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

1) ELECTRIC CIRCUITS

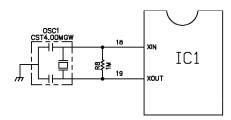


TRANS secondary side is composed of electric power circuits for RELAY driving electricity (12Vdc) and for supplying electricity to MICOM and IC (5Vdc). The voltage in each part is as follows.

PARTS	both ends of VA1	both ends of CM1	both ends of CM2	both ends of CE2	both ends of CC2
VOLTAGE	230Vac	14Vac	17Vdc	12Vdc	5Vdc

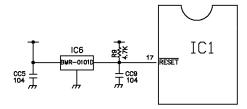
VA1 is the part to protect over voltage and noise. When more than 385V is applied, the thermal-fuse(130°C cut-off, local option) in a first part of TRANS is cut so that the elements in the secondary side of TRANS are protected.

2) OSCILLATION CIRCUIT



CIRCUIT for occurring CLOCK which motivates the internal local element of IC1 to transmit and receive an information and BASIC TIME for calculating time. Use a proper form for OSC 1. Because in case that SPECIFICATION is changed, the calculated time in IC1 is changed or IC1 isn't able to operate.

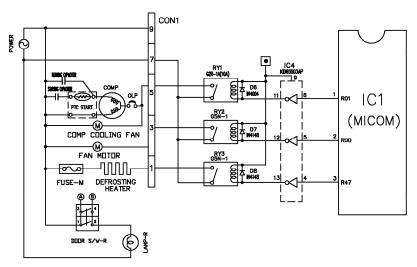
3) RESET CIRCUIT



All the internal parts of MICOM(IC1) return to the initial condition when the early power ON or apply power again in MICOM after temporary power failure. As a result, all the functions operate according to the early condition. At the early period of power ON the "LOW" voltage is applied in the RESET terminal of MICOM for the fixed time. The RESET terminal is 5V during the general operation.

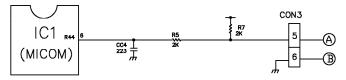
4) LOAD/BUZZER OPERATION, DOOR OPENING SENSING CIRCUIT

(1) LOAD OPERATION CHECK



KIND OF LOAD		COMP, COMP COOLING FAN	FAN MOTOR	DEFROSTING HEATER
MEASURING POINT (IC5)		No.13 No.14 No.15		No.15
ON ON		below 1V		
STATE	OFF		12V	

- ftlf the DOOR-R is opened during FAN MOTOR is operated, FAN MOTOR is stopped immediately.
- fuThe (A), (B) of DOOR S/W-R is connected DOOR OPEN DETECTION CIRCUIT as follow.
- fulf the DOOR-R is opened or closed, then the DOOR S/W-R is ON/OFF, and the LAMP-R is ON/OFF, and at the same time, S/W of the (A), (B) of DOOR S/W-R for detection of DOOR-R open is ON/OFF.
- (2) DOOR OPENING PERCEPTION CHECK



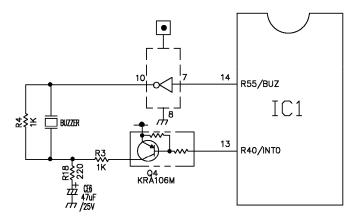
*NOTICE: If you would change DOOR S/W-R, must use the componenot of right PART NUMBER. Because there is a similar type DOOR S/W-R of NOT MICOM MODEL, it's logic of the (A), (B) of DOOR S/W-R is reversed.

MEASURING POINT REFRIGERATOR DOOR	NO.6 OF IC 1 (MICOM)
CLOSE	5V(S/W of A), B is OFF state)
OPEN	0V(S/W of (A) , (B) is ON state)

- ftEven though LAMP-R is operated a normal ON/OFF according to DOOR S/W-R, but the MICOM couldn't detect a DOOR-R opened or closed of lead wire of the (A), (B) is abnormal or S/W of the (A), (B) of DOOR S/W-R is abnormal.
- fuWhen DOOR-R open isn't detected : Even though DOOR-R is opened, FAN MOTOR couldn't stop.

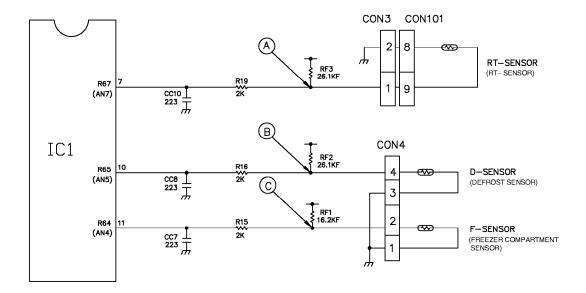
 When DOOR-R close isn't detected : Even though DOOR-R is closed, BUZZER sounds a DOOR OPEN ALARM. check a lead wire of the (A), (B) and DOOR S/W-R.

(3)BUZZER OPERATION CHECK



CONDITIONS MEASURING POINT	DISPLAY FUNCTION BUTTON RING (DING~ DONG~)	DOOR OPEN ALARM (SCREECHING)	OFF
IC1 (No.14 Pin)	0.05s 0.2s 0.1s 1s 5V 0V	5V 0.5s 0.5s	ov
IC1 (No.13 Pin)	5V 0V 2.66khz (DING) 2.232khz (DONG)	5V 0V3.1khz OFF	ov

5) TEMP SENSOR CIRCUITS

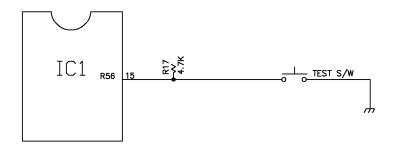


The above circuit reads the surrounding temperature, DEFROSTING temperature and FREEZER ROOM temperature into MICOM(IC1). OPEN or SHORT state of each SENSOR is as follows.

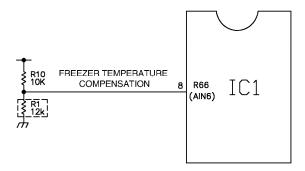
SENSOR	CHECK POINT	NORMAL (-30°C~50°C)	SHORT	OPEN	
ROOM TEMPERATURE SENSOR	I POINT(A)VOITAGE I				
DEFROST SENSOR	POINT®Voltage	0.5V ~ 4.5V	0V	5V	
FREEZER SENSOR	POINT © Voltage				

6) SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT

The following circuit is a test switch input circuit for checking the refrigerator.



7) TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION



FREEZE	R ROOM	
RESISTANCE VALUES(R1)	TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION	REMARKS
180 kΩ	+ 5.0°C	COMPENSATE WARMLY
56 kΩ	+4.0°C	
33 kΩ	+3.0°C	T
18 kΩ	+2.0°C	
12 kΩ	+1.0°C	
10 kΩ	0°C	STANDARD
8.2 kΩ	-1.0°C	
5.6 kΩ	-2.0°C	
3.3 kΩ	-3.0°C	
2 kΩ	-4.0°C	V
470 Ω	-5.0°C	COMPENSATE COOLLY

[•] TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION TABLE by adjusting resistance values. (the temp difference compared to the present temp.)

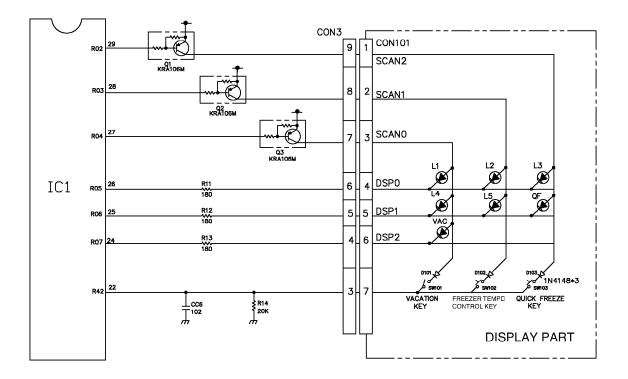
eg) If the compensation resistance of freezer compartment is changed from 10K (present resistance) to 18K (revised resistance), the temp of freezer compartment goes up by +2°C.

• TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION OF FREEZER ROOM

	Revised resistance Present resistance	470Ω	2kΩ	3.3kΩ	5.6kΩ	8.2kΩ	10kΩ	12kΩ	18kΩ	33kΩ	56kΩ	180kΩ
	470Ω	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	з°С↑	4°C↑	5°C↑	6°C↑	7°C↑	8°C↑	9°C↑	10°C↑
	2kΩ	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	з°С↑	4°C↑	5°C↑	6°C↑	7°C↑	8°C↑	9°C↑
	3.3kΩ	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	з∘С↑	4°C↑	5°C↑	6°C↑	7°C↑	8°C↑
	5.6kΩ	3°C↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	3∘C↑	4°C↑	5°C↑	6°C↑	7°C↑
	8.2kΩ	4°C↓	3°C↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	з°С↑	4°C↑	5°C↑	6°C↑
FREEZER ROOM	10kΩ	5°C↓	4°C↓	з∘С↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	3°C↑	4°C↑	5°C↑
(R1)	12kΩ	6°C↓	5°C↓	4°C↓	з∘С↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	з∘С↑	4°C↑
	18kΩ	7°C↓	6°C↓	5°C↓	4°C↓	3°C↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑	з°С↑
	33kΩ	8°C↓	7°C↓	6°C↓	5°C↓	4°C↓	з∘С↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑	2°C↑
	56kΩ	9°C↓	8°C↓	7°C↓	6°C↓	5°C↓	4°C↓	з∘С↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE	1°C↑
	180kΩ	10C↓	9°C↓	8°C↓	7°C↓	6°C↓	5°C↓	4°C↓	з∘С↓	2°C↓	1°C↓	NOT COMPENSATE

[•] This circuit is aimed to input the necessary temperature compensation values into the MICOM in order to adjust the freezer temperature which is different in each model.

8) LIGHTING CIRCUITS OF KEY BUTTON INPUT AND DISPLAY PARTS



The above circuit is to judge the operation conditions of function key and to light each function indicating LED. It is operated by SCAN method.

3. SENSOR RESISTANCE CHARACTERISTICS TABLE

MEASURED TEMPERATURE	RESISTANCE OF FREEZER SENSOR	RESISTANCE OF DEFROST SENSOR, ROOM TEMPERATURE SENSOR		
-20°C	22.3kΩ	77kΩ		
-15°C	16.9kΩ	60kΩ		
-10°C	13.0kΩ	47.3kΩ		
-5°C	10.1kΩ	38.4kΩ		
0°C	7.8kΩ	30kΩ		
+5°C	6.2kΩ	24.1kΩ		
+10°C	4.9kΩ	19.5kΩ		
+15°C	3.9kΩ	15.9kΩ		
+20°C	3.1kΩ	13kΩ		
+25°C	2.5kΩ	11kΩ		
+30°C	2.0kΩ	8.9kΩ		
+40°C	1.4kΩ	6.2kΩ		
+50°C	0.8kΩ	4.3kΩ		

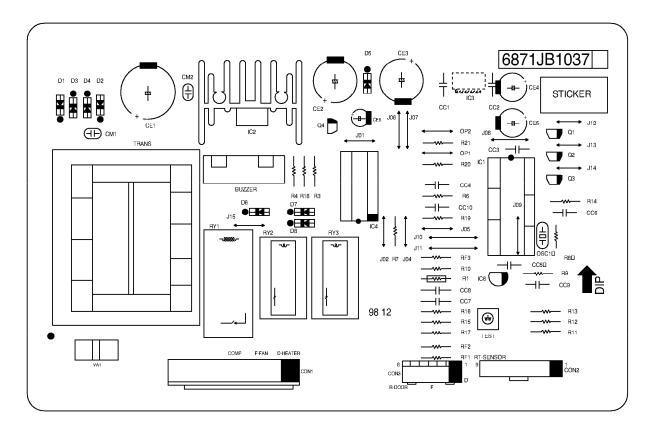
[•] The tolerance of sensor resistance is ±5%.

[•] Be sure to measure the sensor resistance after keeping the sensor more than 3 minutes at a measuring temperature. (It needs delay due to sensor speed.)

[•] Measure the resistances of SENSORs with a digital tester after disconnecting CON 4 of MAIN PWB ASSY.

4. MAIN PWB ASS'Y AND PARTS LIST

1) MAIN PWB ASS'Y



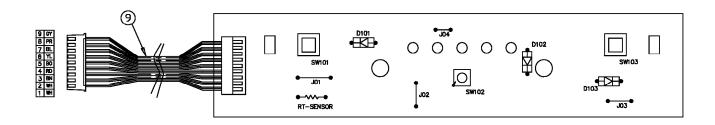
2) REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

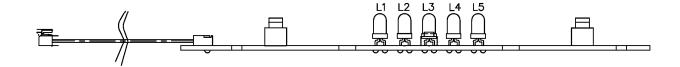
No						
NO.	DWG. NO.	DESCRIPTION	SPEC'	QTY.	MAKER	REMARK
1	6870JB2024	PWB,MAIN	FR-1(DS-1107A)	1A	DOO SAN	t=1.6
	6170JB2005		l: 240V,0: 14V	1A	K.T.C	
2		TRANS PCB			TAE SUNG	TRANS
3	6630JB8001D		JE202-1T-05(9P-2,4,6,8) JE202-1T-02(3P-2)	1		CON1
4			JE202-11-02(JP-2)		Jae eun	
5	6630JB8004E	WAFER	SMW250-06	1		CON3
6	6630JB8004H	WALLEY	SMW250-09	1	YEON HO	CON2
_	003WB0UU4H		SM W230-09	-		CONZ
7	0177 1000004	MICON CHID	014004504	1		LO4 /-077 D2002
8	UIZZJBZUUZA	MICOM CHIP	GMS81504		LG	IC1 (=01ZZJB2002E
9						
10	AIDU170120A		(1)DA17010T		DOUM	
11	OIRH178120A OIKE781200M		(1)BA17812T (2)KIA7812PI	1	ROHM KEC	IC2
	OIRH178120A		(1)DA17010T		DOUM	
12	OIKF781200M	REGULATOR	(1)BA17812T (2)KIA7812PI		ROHM KEC	
13	OIRH178050B OIKE780500Z		(1)BA17805T (2)KIA7805PI	1	ROHM KEC	IC3
	UII L 7 OU OU O E		(2)((A7000)		INLO	
14	OIKE704200A	RESET IC	KIA7042P	1	K.E.C	IC6
Ľ.	01KD010100A	LOLT TO	BMR-0101D		KODENSHI	
15	0IKE650030B	DRIVE IC	KID65003AP	1	K.E.C	IC4
16	0IT0721000A	рното тк	TLP721		TOSHIBA	
17						
18						
	J510-00018A		G2R-1A		OMRON	
19	6920JB2002A		VS-12MB	1	TAKAMISAWA	RY1
	6920JB2005A 6920JB2003A	RELAY	JW1aFHN G5N-1		OMRON	
20	03200020007		0011	2	OWITON	RY2,RY3
	IE70 000124		CSTA DOMOW			0001
21	J570-00012A	RESONATOR	CST4.00MGW	1	MURATA	OSC1 (=6212AQ9002B)
	J570-00012B		CST4.00MGW-TF01			(-OZIZINGOODD)
22	J572-00001C (=6102AQ9075A)	VARISTOR	(1)INR14D471	1	IL JIN	VA1
			(2)SVC471D-14A		SAMHWA	
23						
				6		D1~6
24	ODD400409AA	rectifier Diode	1N4004		(1)P.C (2)DELTA	
25	ODD400709AA		1N4007			
26	ODD414800AA	SWITCHING DIODE	1N414R	1	(1)P.C	D7
20	ODD II IOOORK	5	1144140	1	(2)ROHM	D8
27	OCE2286J618			_		
28			2200uF/35V			
	OCE1081J618		2200uF/35V 1000uF/35V	1	(1)SAU HWA	CE1
29		ELE" CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V	1	(1)SAM HWA	CE1
	OCE1081H618	ELE" CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V	1	(1)SAM HWA (2)SAM YOUNG	CE1
		ELE" CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V		11	
30	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618	ELE" CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V	1	11	CE2
30 31	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638		1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V	1 1 1	11	CE2 CE3 CE5
30 31 32	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638		1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V	1	11	CE2 CE3
30 31 32 33	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638		1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V	1 1 1 1	(2)SAM YOUNG	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6
30 31 32 33 34	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A	PIEZO BUZZER	1000uF/25V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K	1 1 1 1	BUJUN WAS(S)	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6
30 31 32 33 34 35	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409	PIEZO BUZZER	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V	1 1 1 1 2	(2)SAM YOUNG	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2
30 31 32 33 34 35	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A	PIEZO BUZZER	1000uF/25V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K	1 1 1 1 2 1	BUJUN WAS(S)	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCK1020H908	PIEZO BUZZER	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5	BIJJUN Seil	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409	PIEZO BUZZER MM.' CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V	1 1 1 1 2 1	BUJUN WAS(S)	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.83002A OCQ2231N409 OCX1020H908	PIEZO BUZZER MYL' CAPACITOR CER' CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V	1 1 1 1 2 1 5	BIJJUN Seil	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCK1020H908 OCK1020H908	PIEZO BUZZER MM.* CAPACITOR CER* CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5	BIJJUN Seil	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	OCE1081H618 OCE47771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCK1020H908 OCK1040H908 OCK1040H908	PIEZO BUZZER MM.* CAPACITOR CER* CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V	1 1 1 1 2 1 5	BIJJUN Seil	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCK1020H908 OCK1020H908	PIEZO BUZZER MM.* CAPACITOR CER* CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V	1 1 1 1 2 1 5	BIJJUN Seil	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	OCE1081H618 OCE47771H618 OCE2271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H638 O28105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCK1020H908 OCK1040H908 OCK1040H908	PIEZO BUZZER MM.* CAPACITOR CER* CAPACITOR	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V 56K 2W	1 1 1 1 2 1 5	BIJJUN Seil	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8 CC10
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE227IF638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H638 OC8105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCX1020H908 OCX1040H908 OCX1040H908 ORD5602K609 ORD2700H608 ORD1800H608	PEZO BUZZER MM' CAPACITOR CER' CAPACITOR R, CEMENT	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V 56K 2W 270J 1/2W	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5 1 3	BUJUN SEIL TAE YANG	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE4271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H639 OCE305K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCX1020H908 OCX1020H908 OCX1040H908 ORD5602K609 ORD2700H608 ORD1800H608	PEZO BUZZER MM' CAPACITOR CER' CAPACITOR R, CEMENT	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V 56K 2W 270J 1/2W 180J 1/4W 180J 1/4W	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5 1 1 3 3 1 1 1	BIJJUN SEIL TAE YANG (1)C.Y (2)K-OHM (3)DONG HO	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8 CC10 CC3,5,9
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE227IF638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H638 OC8105K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCX1020H908 OCX1040H908 OCX1040H908 ORD5602K609 ORD2700H608 ORD1800H608	PEZO BUZZER MM' CAPACITOR CER' CAPACITOR R, CEMENT	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V 56K 2W 270J 1/2W 180J 1/4W	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5 1	BUJUN SEIL TAE YANG	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8 CC10 CC3,5,9
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE4271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H639 OCE305K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCX1020H908 OCX1020H908 OCX1040H908 ORD5602K609 ORD2700H608 ORD1800H608	PEZO BUZZER MM' CAPACITOR CER' CAPACITOR R, CEMENT	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V 56K 2W 270J 1/2W 180J 1/4W 180J 1/4W	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5 1 1 3 3 1 1 1	BIJJUN SEIL TAE YANG (1)C.Y (2)K-OHM (3)DONG HO	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8 CC10 CC3,5,9
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	OCE1081H618 OCE4771H618 OCE4271F638 OCE4761H638 OCE4761H639 OCE305K638 6908.B3002A OCQ2231N409 OCX1020H908 OCX1020H908 OCX1040H908 ORD5602K609 ORD2700H608 ORD1800H608	PEZO BUZZER MM' CAPACITOR CER' CAPACITOR R, CEMENT	1000uF/35V 1000uF/25V 470uF/25V 220uF/16V 47uF/25V 1uF/50V BM-20K 223/100V 102/25V 223/25V 104/50V 56K 2W 270J 1/2W 180J 1/4W 180J 1/4W	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 5 1 1 3 3 1 1 1	BIJJUN SEIL TAE YANG (1)C.Y (2)K-OHM (3)DONG HO	CE2 CE3 CE5 CE6 BUZZ CM1,CM2 CC6 CC1,2,4,7,8 CC10 CC3,5,9

			_	_	1	
NO.	DWG. NO.	DESCRIPTION	SPEC'	QTY,	MAKER	REMARK
	ORD1000G608		100J 1/4W			
48	ORD2200G608		220J 1/4W	1		R18
49	01.02200000		•			
50	ORD2200G608		20KJ 1/4W			
51	ORD4700G608		470J 1/4W			
52	ORD6200G608	r,carbon film	620J 1/4W			
53	ORD1001G608	K,CARDON FILM	1KJ 1/4W	2	1	R3,R4
54			•	2	1	R15,16
55	ORD2001G608		2KJ 1/4W	3	(1)C.Y	R19 R5,R7
56				<u> </u>	(3)DONG HO	
57	ORD2201G608		20KJ 1/4W	1	(4)SUNG YO	IXI T
	ann (70,000		4 714 1 4 /4111	 	1	DO 47 DD 04
	ORD4701G608		4.7KJ 1/4W	4		R9,17,20,21
59	ORD1002G608		10KJ 1/4W	1		R10
60						
61	ORD1004G608		1MJ 1/4W	1	ļ	R8
62	ORN1012G408		10KF 1/4W			
63	ORN1612G408	r,metal film	16.2KF 1/4W	1		RF1
64	ORN2612G408	R,MEIAL HLM	26.1KF 1/4W	1	1	RF2
65	ORN2612G408		26.1KF 1/4W	1	1	RF3
66			· ·	Ė	1	
67		r,carbon film	F-ROOM COMPENSATION	12K	1	R1
68	,,	,	CUMPENSATION		1	
	OTD400000 / 0		KRA106M	-		01234
-	OTR106009AC			4	ł	Q1,2,3,4
_	OTR106009AE		KRC106M		V F A	
71	OTR127309AD	TRANSISTOR	KTA1273(KTA966) Y		K.E.C	
72	OTR320509AC		KTC3205(KTC2236) Y			
73	OTR127009AF		KTA1270(KTA562)Y			
74	6600JB8001A	TEST S/W		1		TEST
75	OLA0102K018	INDUCTOR	10uH		TAE YANG	
76	43607015	JUMP WIRE	0.6*10mm			L1(J)
77						
78			2.044.0	5		J01,02,04,05,15
79			0.6*10mm	2	ĺ	OP1,0P2
80			0.6*5mm	H	ł	G. 1,G. 2
81			0.6*7.5mm	٠,	ł	J12~J14
			0.6*7.5mm	3		312~314
82						
83						
84	43607015	JUMP WIRE				
85						
86						
87			0.6*12.5~~	4		J06~J09
87 88			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
88			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
88 89 90			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
88 89 90 91			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
88 89 90 91 92			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
88 89 90 91 92 93			0.6*12.5mm	4		J06~J09
88 89 90 91 92 93 94						
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	43607015	JUMP WIRE		2		J06~J09
88 89 90 91 92 93 94	43607015	JUMP WIRE				
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	43607015	JUMP WIRE				
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96	43607015	JUMP WIRE				
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97		JUMP WIRE				
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98	6877JB2034A	L/WRE ASSY, FD/H	0.6*15mm			
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99	6877JB2034A 4920JB3001A	L/MARE ASSY, FD/H HEAT SINK(5V)	0.6*15mm			J10,J11
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101	6877JB2034A 4920JB3001A 4920JB3002A	L/MRE ASSY, FD/H HEAT SINK(5V) HEAT SINK(12V)	0.6*15mm (=.572-00002A) (=.572-00003A)	2		J10,J11
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101	6877,B2034A 4920,B3001A 4920,B3002A 4920,B3003A	L/MRE ASSY, FD/H HEAT SINK(5V) HEAT SINK(12V)	0.6*15mm	2		J10,J11 (IC3)
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102	6877JB2034A 4920JB3001A 4920JB3002A 4920JB3003A 1SBF0302418	L/MRE ASSY, FD/H HEAT SINK(5V) HEAT SINK(12V) HEAT SINK(12V) SCREW	0.6*15mm (=.4572-00002A) (=.4572-00003A) (=.572-00004A)	2		J10,J11 (IC3)
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103	6877JB2034A 4920JB3001A 4920JB3002A 4920JB3003A 1SBF0302418 4-9111001	L/WRE ASSY, FD/H HEAT SINK(5V) HEAT SINK(12V) HEAT SINK(12V) SCREW SOLDER	0.6*15mm (=.872-00002A) (=.872-00003A) (=.872-00004A) ALMIT KR-19RMA	1 1 3.0g		J10,J11 (IC3)
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105	6877.B2034A 4920.B3001A 4920.B3002A 4920.B3003A 1SBF0302418 49111001 49111004	L/MRE ASSY, FD/H HEAT SINK(5V) HEAT SINK(12V) HEAT SINK(12V) SCREW	0.6*15mm (=.572-00002A) (=.572-00003A) (=.572-00004A) ALMIT KR-19RMA H63A	2	KOKI	J10,J11 (IC3)

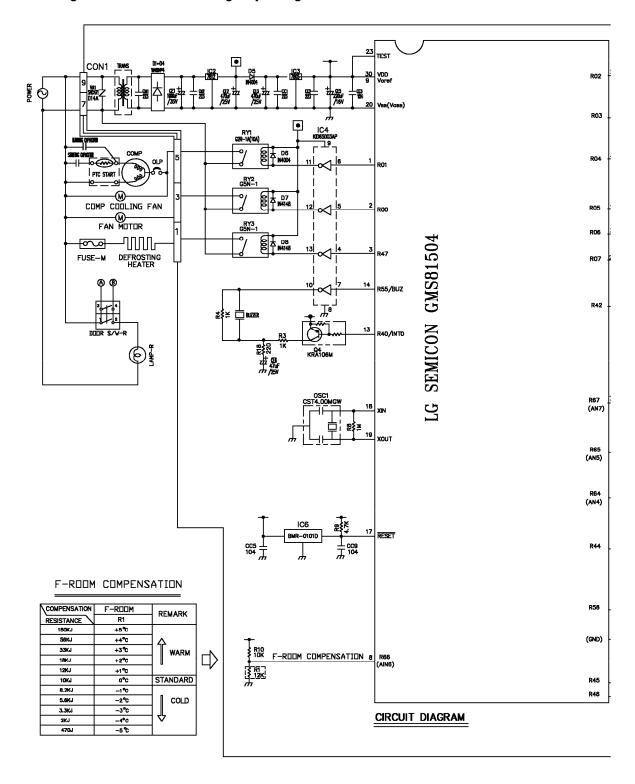
3) PWB ASS'Y, DISPLAY AND PARTS LIST

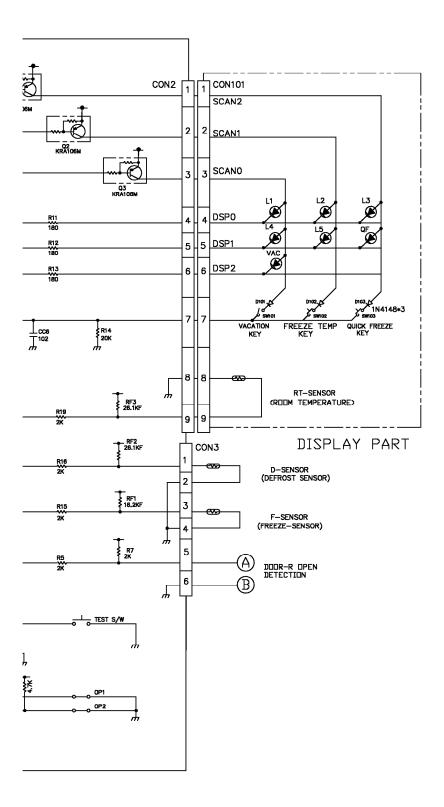
품번 NO.	도 번 DWG, NO.	품 덩 DESCRIPTION	재 질 MATERIAL	소재치수 SPEC.	수량 QTY.	MAKER	비 고 REMARK
1	6870JB2025	PWB,DISPLAY	FR-1(DS-1107A)		1A	DOOSAN	
2	6630JB8005B	WAFER	SMAW250-09)		YEON HO	
3	6600JB8004A	TACT S/W	KPT-1109R		2	KYUNG IN	SW101,SW103
4	6600JB8005A	TACT C /W	KPT-1105A		1	IZVIINO IN	SW102
5	ODUUJBBUUSA	IACI 5/#				KYUNG IN	SWID2
6	ODL300359AA	LED	SH30-R03CA570GT	GREEN	5	SEOUL SEMI.	L1~L5
7	ODD414809AA	S/W DIODE	1N4148		3	ROHM	D101~D103
8	6500JB3001A	SENSOR	PBN-43		1	제임스터	RT-SENSOR
9	6877JB2049A	L/WIRE ASSY,	FD/H		1		
10							
11							
12							
13							
14		JUMP WIRE	0.6*6mm		1		J04
15	43607015	JUMP WIRE	0.6*10mm		2		J02,J03
16		JUMP WIRE	0.6*12.5mm		1		J01
17	49111001	SOLDER	ALMIT KR-19RMA		2g	의성금속	
18	49111004	SOLDER LEAD BAR	S63S-B20		5g	의성,대진 SOI	Δ,
19	59333105	FLUX AUTO	JS71		0.5g	кокі	
20		의식제	IPA			KOKI,주)유공	





5. PWB circuit drawing- The PWB circuit drawing may change without notice.

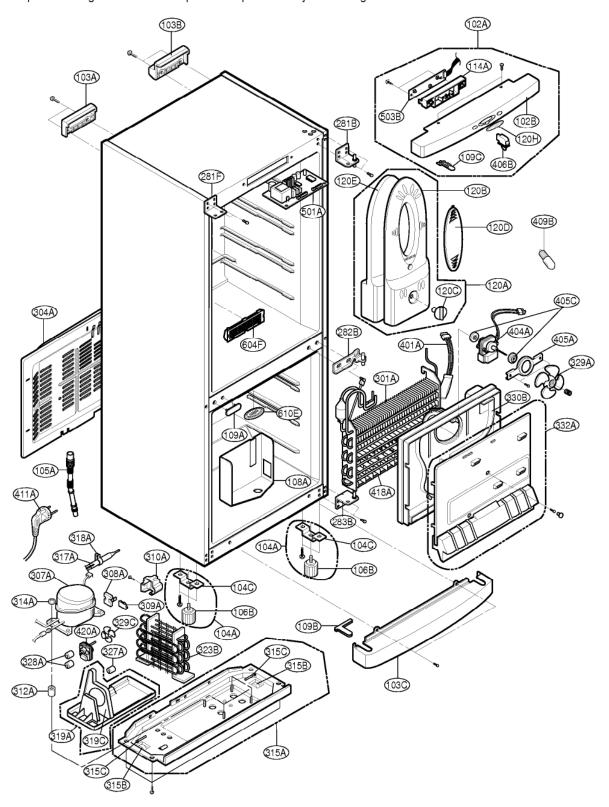


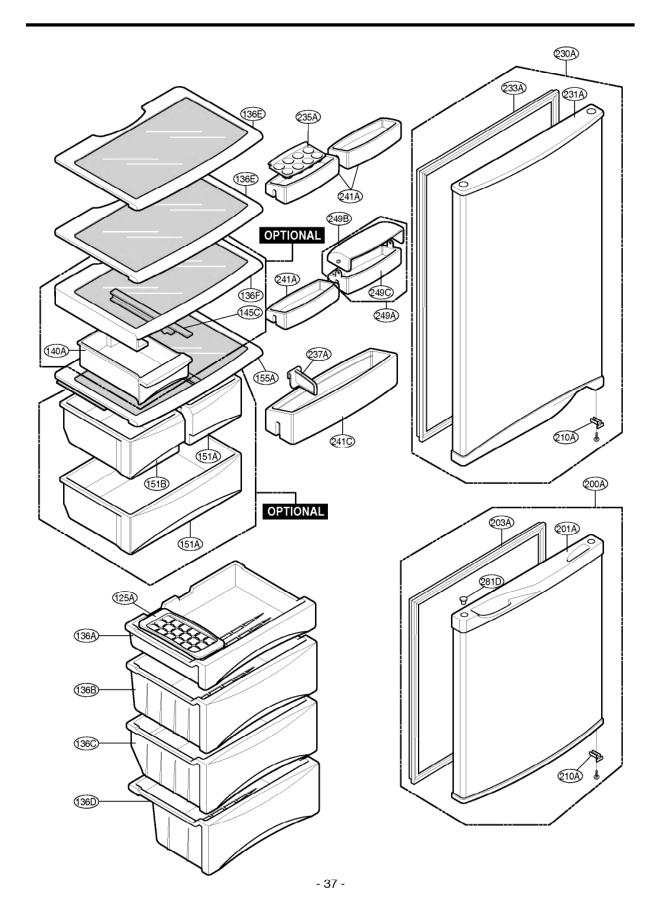


EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

1.Ref. No: GR-389

▼ The parts of refrigerator and the shape of each part are subject to change in different localities.









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